

Drugs with QT Prolonging Effects *(Categorized into TdP Risk)*

Drugs to Avoid in Congenital Long QT (Known Risk of TdP)		
Risk Level	Physical Health	Behavioral Health
<u>Known Risk of TdP</u>	<p>Anesthetic: propofol, sevoflurane, droperidol, cocaine</p> <p>Antiarrhythmic: amiodarone, disopyramide, dronedarone, dofetilide, flecainide, ibutilide, procainamide, quinidine, sotalol</p> <p>Anticancer: arsenic, vandetanib, oxaliplatin</p> <p>Antimalarial: chloroquine</p> <p>PDE3 inhibitor: anagrelide, cilostazol</p> <p>ABX: azithromycin, chloroquine, ciprofloxacin, clarithromycin, erythromycin, levofloxacin, moxifloxacin</p> <p>Cholinesterase Inhibitor: donepezil</p> <p>Antifungal: fluconazole, pentamidine</p> <p>Opioids: methadone</p> <p>Antiemetic: ondansetron, droperidol</p> <p>Vasodilator: papaverine</p>	<p>Antipsychotics: chlorpromazine, droperidol, haloperidol, pimozide, thioridazine</p> <p>SSRI: citalopram, escitalopram</p>

Drugs to Avoid in Congenital Long QT (Possible Risk of TdP)		
Risk Level	Physical Health	Behavioral Health
Possible Risk of TdP	<p>Alpha 1 blocker: alfuzosin</p> <p>DA agonist: apomorphine</p> <p>HIV: efavirenz, lopinavir+ritonavir, rilpivirine, saquinavir</p> <p>Anticancer: apalutamide, bendamustine, bortezomib, bosutinib, cabozantinib, capecitabine, certinib, crizotinib, dabrafenib, dasatinib, degarelix, encorafenib, epirubicin, eribulin, fluorouracil, inotuzumab, lapatinib, leuprolide, lenvatinib, midostaurin, necitumumab, nilotinib, osimertinib, panobinostat, pazopanib, romidepsin, ribociclib, sorafenib, sunitinib, tamoxifen, tipiracil + trifluridine, toremifene, vemurafenib, vorinostat</p> <p>Immunosuppressant: tacrolimus</p> <p>Antiemetic: dolasetron, granisetron, palonosetron</p> <p>Somatostatin analog: pasireotide</p> <p>Opioid: buprenorphine, hydrocodone ER, tramadol</p> <p>Sedative: dexmedetomidine</p> <p>Anticonvulsant: ezogabine, felbamate,</p> <p>NMDA receptor antagonist: memantine</p> <p>ABX: bedaquiline, gemifloxacin, ofloxacin, telavancin, telithromycin</p> <p>Antimalaria: artemether + lumefantrine, primaquine</p> <p>Bladder: mirabegron, tolterodine</p> <p>Muscle relaxant: tizanidine</p> <p>Antihypertensive: isradipine, moexipril/HCTZ , nicardipine</p> <p>Anticoagulant: betrixaban</p> <p>PDE5 inhibitor: vardenafil</p> <p>Vesicular monoamine transporter 2 inhibitor: deutabenazine, valbenazine, tetrabenazine</p>	<p>Antipsychotics: aripiprazole, asenapine, clozapine, iloperidone, paliperidone, perphenazine, risperidone</p> <p>Antiemetic/psychotic: promethazine</p> <p>Antimania: Lithium</p> <p>ADHD: atomoxetine</p> <p>TCA: clomipramine, desipramine, imipramine, nortriptyline, trimipramine</p> <p>SNRI: venlafaxine</p> <p>Tetracyclic anti-depressant: maprotiline, mirtazapine</p>

Drugs to Avoid in Congenital Long QT (Conditional Risk of TdP)		
Risk Level	Physical Health	Behavioral Health
Conditional Risk of TdP	<p><u>DA agonist:</u> amantadine</p> <p><u>Antifungal:</u> amphotericin B, itraconazole, ketoconazole, posaconazole, voriconazole</p> <p><u>HIV:</u> atazanavir, nelfinavir, ritonavir</p> <p><u>ABX:</u> metronidazole, piperacillin/tazobactam</p> <p><u>Antiarrhythmic:</u> propafenone</p> <p><u>Antiemetic:</u> metoclopramide</p> <p><u>Antihistamine:</u> diphenhydramine, hydroxyzine</p> <p><u>Antacid:</u> cimetidine</p> <p><u>H2-receptor antagonist:</u> famotidine</p> <p><u>PPI:</u> Esomeprazole, lansoprazole, pantoprazole, omeprazole</p> <p><u>Diuretic:</u> furosemide, hydrochlorothiazide, indapamide, torsemide, metolazone, Bendroflumethiazide or bendrofluazide</p> <p><u>Cholinesterase Inhibitor:</u> galantamine</p> <p><u>Anti-inflammatory:</u> hydroxychloroquine</p> <p><u>Anti-diarrheal:</u> loperamide</p> <p><u>Anti-anginal:</u> ranolazine, ivabradine</p> <p><u>Hepatitis C:</u> telaprevir</p> <p><u>Anti-malarial:</u> quinine, hydroxychloroquine</p> <p><u>Muscle relaxant:</u> solifenacin</p> <p><u>Sedative:</u> chloral hydrate</p>	<p><u>Antipsychotic:</u> quetiapine, ziprasidone, olanzapine</p> <p><u>TCA:</u> amitriptyline, doxepin</p> <p><u>SSRI:</u> fluoxetine, paroxetine, sertraline, fluvoxamine</p> <p><u>SARI:</u> trazodone</p>

Drugs to Avoid in Congenital Long QT (not associated with TdP)		
Risk Level	Physical Health	Behavioral Health
Drugs to Avoid in Congenital Long QT	<p>Vasoconstrictor: phenylephrine, midodrine, norepinephrine, epinephrine</p> <p>Inotrope: dopamine, dobutamine</p> <p>Decongestant: pseudoephedrine</p> <p>Bronchodilator: albuterol, arformoterol, formoterol, indacaterol, isoproterenol, levalbuterol, olodaterol, salmeterol, terbutaline, metaproterenol, vilanterol/fluticasone, ephedrine</p> <p>Hypotension: droxidopa</p> <p>Obesity agents: phentermine, phenylpropanolamine</p> <p>ABX: trimethoprim-sulfamethoxazole</p>	<p>ADHD: dextroamphetamine, lisdexamfetamine, methamphetamine, methylphenidate, dexmethylphenidate, amphetamine</p>

Reference: Pharmacist's Letter and Credible Meds

Disclaimer: this is not an all-inclusive list. Please refer to crediblemeds.org for full listing with updates
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